# SWIGGART & AGIN, LLC **Preparing your Company** to be Acquired or for an **Initial Public Offering**

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### What is a Sale or IPO?

### • An Initial Public Offering is the

- Sale of ~20% of company stock to the public.
- Underwriter scrutinizes the company as a single buyer would.
- A Sale is the
  - Transfer of all or most company stock or assets to a single buyer or buyer group.
  - Payment: Stock of Acquiror or cash, or both.

### Why Sell?

- Reward Investors
- Succession Planning
- Fulfill an Exit Strategy
- Raise Growth Capital

### Prerequisites to a Sale

- Good technology, effective employees, wide market acceptance, healthy revenues, and *also*...
- Documentation of Key Corporate & Business Arrangements:
  - Corporate books,
  - Financial records,
  - Contracts,
  - Ownership of intellectual property,
  - Grip on all liability situations.

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### **Due Diligence**

- Defined:
- "[S]uch a measure of prudence, activity, or assiduity, as is properly to be expected from, and ordinarily exercised by, a reasonable and prudent man under the particular circumstances; not measured by any absolute standard, but depending on the relative facts of the special case." Perry v. Cedar Falls, 87 Iowa 315, 54 N.W. 225

### **Due Diligence Process**

- Non-Disclosure Agreement
  - Disclaim representation/warranties re diligence information
- Letter of Intent with buyer (incl. breakup fee) (Sale), or
  - Nonbinding & No duty to negotiate
  - Structure of Deal
    - Asset, Stock Purchase or Merger
    - Tax Consequences for each structure
- Underwriting Agreement (IPO) leads to ...

### **Due Diligence Process**

- Due Diligence Requests from:
  - Accountants
    - (goodwill impairment)
  - Underwriters & their attorneys (IPO)
  - Buyer's attorneys (Purchase)
  - Seller's attorneys (don't overlook)

### **Due Diligence Process**

- Weaknesses sought:
  - Documentation gaps
  - Key contracts
  - Royalty obligations
  - Ownership of IP
  - Lease obligations
  - Claims or lawsuits
  - Pension Obligations

- Corporate Structure
  - -You kept it simple from the start.
  - Where there were multiple classes of preferred stock, etc. your company used down rounds to recapitalize them.
  - You tracked all stock options & warrants carefully.
  - -You terminated underwater options if possible.

- Branch and Subsidiary Filings
  - Qualified in states where doing business.
  - Withdrew where inactive.
- Secured Financings
  - Obtained and filed termination statements promptly.

- Documented all contracts with
  - Customers,
  - Distributors,
  - Joint Venturers,
  - Developers,
  - -Vendors, and
  - Landlords

- Intellectual Property
  - Exercised Trade Secret Vigilance
    - Employment Agreements
    - Contractor Agreements
    - NDA's with customers, vendors & joint venturers
  - Trademarks & Service Marks
    - Registered key marks
    - Displayed "TM" next to unregistered marks
    - Registered in Foreign jurisdictions
    - Defended your marks vigorously

- Intellectual Property cont'd
  - Domain Names
    - Registered product names, not just company name.
    - Policed cybersquatters.
  - Patents
    - Filed patents for key inventions within one year of public disclosure.
    - Involved engineers closely in the claims.
  - Copyrighted software
    - Negotiated favorable licenses
    - Paid special attention to renewal & termination clauses. Swiggart & Agin, LLC

- Existing Claims or Lawsuits
  - Settle them promptly (if at all possible).
  - Secured insurance coverage for defense costs or, at worst.
  - When all else failed, you obtained an opinion from company litigation attorneys.

• (They're always glad to do it!)

- Considerations for IPO/Corporate Governance Reform
  - U.S. Congress -- Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
  - Securities Exchange Commission (SEC)
  - Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB)
  - Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB)
  - NYSE, NASDAQ, etc.
  - Delaware Supreme Court -- In re Walt Disney Co., 731 A .2d 342 (2003)
- All have a say in putting things right

- IPO/Corporate Governance Reform, cont'd
  - Financial Statement Requirements
    - 3 years' Audited Income Statement
    - 2 years' Balance Sheet
  - Selecting Audit Firm
    - Industry and technical expertise
    - "Big Four" -- yes or no?
      - Proposed SEC rules
        - Prohibition of Non-Audit Services
        - Rotation every five years
        - Hiring Restrictions -- audit firm not independent if a company's CEO, CFO or controller is former employee of the audit firm.

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- IPO/Corporate Governance Reform, cont'd
  - Prohibition on Personal Loans
  - Stockholder Approval for Stock Plans
    - Proposed NYSE rule may require direct s/h consent: Vote your plan in *before* going public
  - Board of Directors and Board Committees
    - Independent Directors (Proposed rules)
      - Majority of Board
      - All of compensation committee
      - All of director nominating committee
      - All of Audit committee
    - Keep careful minutes to avoid appearance of self-dealing
      - (courts will now more likely reverse presumption of independence)
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- IPO/Corporate Governance Reform, cont'd
  - Audit Committees
    - Must have at least one "Financial Expert"
      - SEC defines as: Experience as an accountant or as CFO or controller of a public company
    - Must keep detailed minutes
    - Must adopt and implement procedures for receiving and handling complaints regarding accounting matters, including

- anonymous submission of employee concerns

- IPO/Corporate Governance Reform, cont'd
- Board Minutes
  - No defined standard. However, now, gaps are more likely to be construed to indicate a failure of fiduciary duty. Therefore, more is better, if done carefully.
    - "The house counsel is often the best person to keep minutes of the meetings of management and the board of directors.... Well-documented minutes, including the steps taken by the members of the board to inform themselves about the potential transaction, will help to create a record of the deliberation process to be used should lawsuits arise questioning the directors' exercise of their fiduciary duties." Goldblatt & Cefalli, *Does M&A Mean Manage & Adjust?*, Business Law Today, 12:16 (July/August 2003).

- Considerations for IPO, cont'd
  - Understand critical accounting policies
    - Revenue Recognition
    - Goodwill
    - Debt vs. Equity in the balance sheet
    - Use of Proceeds -- problems re SEC asset disclosure requirements
    - Deferred Taxes

### Accounting re Sale or Acquisition

- Equity compensation considerations
  - FASB 148 stock options expense
- -Audit or not to audit? It is a big question
  - Rule 3-05 of Reg. S-X for public company acquirer

- Accounting re Sale or Acquisition, cont'd
  - Purchase price methodology
    - What is the right cost formula?
    - Multiple (what multiple?) of:
      - EBITDA?
      - Free Cash Flow?
      - Revenues?
  - Identify owners' compensation and other nonrecurring expenses to add back into P&L
  - Know your numbers & develop key indicators.

- Accounting re Sale or Acquisition, cont'd
  - Understand revenue recognition criteria
  - Try to avoid extended projections
    - Perpetual accountability
    - Directly through an earnout or indirectly through Management expectations.

- Accounting re Sale or Acquisition cont'd
  - Definitive Agreement
    - Certainty of Closing
      - Signing Date / Closing Date transaction
      - Disparate Signing Date / Closing Date transaction
  - Negotiate hard on reps and warranties
    - Basket to cover unrecorded liabilities
    - Limit survivability
    - Knowledge qualifiers
    - Materiality qualifiers
    - Scope of indemnity

### The object of the Game

### • A CFO's Concerns

- -Is your house in order? Do you have:
  - •A clean and reconciled balance sheet,
  - •401(k) plan requirements met,
  - Benefit plan documents,
  - Customer contracts in order,
  - Tax filings up to date,
  - Debt agreements complete,
  - Noncompete agreements in place?

### The object of the Game

- Head off problems early.
- Document & protect property.
- Avoid costly last minute scrambles by M&A accountants and attorneys.
- Avoid overpaying to settle lawsuits.
- Avoid delaying your sale or IPO.
- Avoid preventing your sale or IPO.

### Preparing your Company to be Acquired or for an Initial Public Offering

- •A Never-Ending Process...
- Vigilance

   <u>+ Documentation</u>
   = A more likely
   (and more profitable) Sale

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